Parables, What do We Know?

- 1. They used everyday objects, events and images to communicate important truth.
- 2. They were designed to test, not the intelligence but the spiritual responsiveness of the hearer.
- 3. Great insight about God and his Kingdom can be ours by listening carefully to these parables

The Kingdom of heaven is like... (what we have studied so far this summer)

- The Sower 4 kinds of soil
- The Weeds God decides
- •The Prodigal Son which son are you?
- The Workers & the Vineyard God's justice looks different than ours
- The Unmerciful Servant we owe but our debt has been cancelled. We are expected to do the same.
- The Talents faithfulness with what God has given is expected

Events leading up to parable of the Tenants in Matthew 21:33-44

- Jesus has recently entered Jerusalem and received a king's welcome it was the height of his popularity
- Jesus cleared the temple of the crooked money-changers
- Curses a fig tree for not bearing fruit it immediately withers
- Just before giving the parable of the tenants Jesus was teaching in the temple courts. He was interrupted by the chief priest and elders
- The religious leaders challenged Jesus with the question of "by what authority are you doing these things?"

Events leading up to parable of the Tenants in Matthew 21:33-44

- Jesus responds with his own question and then proceeds to answer the religious leaders with 3 parables
- The first parable is the parable of 2 sons that a father asks to work in his vineyard
- The second is the parable of the tenants
- The third is the parable of the wedding banquet

Key Elements of the Parable of the Tenants – Matthew 21:33-44

- 1. There is a large investment that is well prepared
 - It is well protected by a wall
 - It has a watch tower to see approaching danger
 - It is ready for wine making
 - The grapes have already been planted
 - What a great deal!

Key Elements of the Parable of the Tenants – Matthew 21:33-44

- 2. A contract is made
 - farmers move in and start farming the vineyard
- 3. Servants sent to settle contract
 - it's harvest time and the land owner expects the contract to be honored
 - sends servants to collect rent servants are abused and/or killed and rent remains unpaid
 - more servants sent same result
 - son is sent as an authority to settle the debt

Key Elements of the Parable of the Tenants – Matthew 21:33-44

- 4. Tenants assume ownership of the vineyard
 - seize opportunity to steal the vineyard by killing the land owner's son who is the heir to the property
- 5. Land owner returns to deal with nasty tenants
 - tenants come to a "wretched" end (debt will be paid)
 - new trustworthy tenants will be found

Original message of Parable of the Tenants – Matthew 21:33-44 Angry audience – you are the wicked tenants!

- the religious leaders would have been outraged by the fact that they knew that Jesus considered them to be the wicked tenants
- God had given Israel and incredible gift they were his people!
- the expectation was that they would live according to God's desire for them and as a result, be a light to the nations
- Israel ultimately failed in her mission; in fact, they ended up killing and abusing almost all of the prophets that God sent to help Israel come back to God

Original message of Parable of the Tenants – Matthew 21:33-44

- imagery of parable taken from Isaiah 5 (well known to leaders)
- •Jesus answered the question of authority in the parable as he was the son who was sent
- Jesus foreshadowed his impending death at the hands of the religious leaders
- who would be the new tenants? The followers of Jesus including the gentiles.

- 1. Undermining the "mine" mentality
 - everything belongs to God Psalm 24:1 "The earth is the Lord's and everything in it, the world, and all who live in it..."
 - what we have does not belong to us
 - is our default setting "mine"?
 - when we forget that our lives who we are and everything we have belongs to God, we lose sight of what God wants and start seeking after what we want

- 2. Becoming a steward
 - we are expected to be good stewards of what God has given
 - a good steward treats his master's property well, but never forgets that what has been given is actually not his
 - good tenants are hard to come by
 - tenants go from abusing servants to killing them to killing the heir once sin takes root in our hearts, there's no telling how far it will take us
 - religious leaders claimed ownership of authority

- 3. Paying the rent what does a good renter look like?
 - God is looking for men and women who are willing to live according to his mission and his purposes not our own
 - listening to God's correction in our lives
 - the result of not paying the rent is rebellion against God's kingdom and ultimately, his Son this is serious business
 - paying the rent simply means we are living as kingdom subjects

- 1. Undermining the "mine" mentality a question of ownership
- 2. Becoming a steward we are expected to be good stewards of what God has given
- 3. Paying the rent living as subjects in God's kingdom means seeking his kingdom and will first, not ours